



**NAMIBIA UNIVERSITY  
OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**

**FACULTY OF MANAGEMENT SCIENCES**

**DEPARTMENT OF ACCOUNTING, ECONOMICS AND FINANCE**

<b>QUALIFICATION: BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY IN ECONOMICS</b>	
<b>QUALIFICATION CODE: 12BECO</b>	<b>LEVEL: 7</b>
<b>COURSE CODE: AME311S</b>	<b>COURSE NAME: APPLIED MATHEMATICAL ECONOMICS</b>
<b>SESSION: JUNE 2019</b>	<b>PAPER: THEORY</b>
<b>DURATION: 3 HOURS</b>	<b>MARKS: 100</b>

<b>FIRST OPPORTUNITY EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER</b>	
<b>EXAMINER(S)</b>	<b>MR EDEN TATE SHIPANGA</b>
<b>MODERATOR:</b>	<b>PROF T. SUNDE</b>

<b>INSTRUCTIONS</b>
1. Answer ALL the questions. 2. Write clearly and neatly. 3. Number the answers clearly.

**PERMISSIBLE MATERIALS**

1. PEN,
2. PENCIL
3. CALCULATOR

**THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF 2 PAGES (Including this front page)**

**Question 1 [25 Marks]**

Given  $Y = C + I_0 + G_0$ ,

$$C = \alpha + \delta Y_d \quad (\alpha > 0; 0 < \delta < 1)$$

$$T = \gamma + \beta Y \quad (\gamma > 0; 0 < \beta < 1)$$

Where  $\gamma$  is non-income tax,  $\beta$  is income tax,  $\delta$  is marginal propensity to consume,  $\alpha$  is fixed constant,  $Y$  (national income),  $I_0$  (investment) and  $G_0$  (government expenditure)

1. Find the reduced form of equilibrium income ( $Y_e$ ). **5 marks**
2. Do comparative static to find the effect of government spending, non-income tax and income tax on equilibrium income. **15 marks**
3. If  $\alpha = 85$ ;  $\delta = 0.75$ ;  $\gamma = 20$ ;  $\beta = 0.2$ ;  $I_0 = 45$ ;  $G_0 = 50$ , find the effects of lump sum tax increase by \$1 billion? **5 marks**

**Question 2 [25 Marks]**

1. Solve the following system of equation using Cramer's rule

$$8X_1 - X_2 = 16$$

$$2X_2 + 5X_3 = 5$$

$$2X_1 - 3X_3 = 7$$

**10 marks**

2. Optimise the following function, using a) Cramer's rule for the first order condition and b) the Hessian for the second-order condition:

$$y = x_1^2 - 7x_1 - x_1x_2 + 2x_2^2 - 2x_2 + 2x_2x_3 + 2x_3^2 + x_3 - 3x_1x_3$$

**15 marks**

**Question 3 [25 Marks]**

Give the input matrix and the final demand vector

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0.05 & 0.25 & 0.34 \\ 0.33 & 0.10 & 0.12 \\ 0.19 & 0.38 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad d = \begin{bmatrix} 1800 \\ 200 \\ 900 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) Explain the economic meaning of the elements 0.33, 0 and 200 **9 marks**
- (b) Explain the economic meaning (if any) of the third column sum **3 marks**
- (c) Explain the economic meaning (if any) of the third row sum **3 marks**
- (d) Find the solution output levels by Cramer's rule **10 marks**

**Question 4 [25 Marks]**

Consider the following national income model (tax ignored).

$$Y - C(Y) - I(i) - G_0 = 0 \quad [0 < C' < 1; I' < 0]$$

$$kY + L(i) - M_{s0} = 0 \quad [k > 0; L' < 0]$$

Analyse the comparative statics of the model to find the effect of expansionary fiscal and monetary policies?

**25 marks**

**Total**

**[100 marks]**